# JORDAN AND HAVIS BES'CL PCT/PTO 2 8 FEB 2001

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09/786098

Fax: (212) 953-7733 Docket No. F-6863

Date February 28, 2001

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Sir:			<i>;</i>
Transmitted herewith for filing is the [X ]	Utility [ ] Design pater	nt application of	
Inventor/Application Identifier: Julio BI	RAGAGNOLO et al.		
For: PANEL MOUNTING FRA	ME AND METHOD		
Enclosed are:	•		
<ul> <li>[X] sheets of drawings ([X]</li></ul>	ling claims and abstract.  orney  statement  tire disclosure of the prior, is considered as being preby incorporated by referent that the content of the pare the same.	or application, fr art of the disclo ence therein aper and comput	sure of the
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Attorney for Applicants

[ X ]	Return Receipt Postcard		
[ X ]	Preliminary Amendment		
[ <b>X</b> ]	Also enclosed: EXPLANATION RE NAME OF SECOND INVENTOR		
[ ]	Assignment to		
	<ul> <li>Assignment is of record in prior application Serial No</li></ul>		
[X]	[ ] Information Disclosure Statement and/or Information Disclosure Citation		
[ ]	English translation		
[ ]	Small Entity Status is asserted.		
[ ]	Applicant hereby claims the benefit of the filing date of the following provisional application(s) under the provisions of 35 USC 119.		
[X]	Applicant hereby claims the benefit of the filing date of the following applications under the provisions of 35 USC 119 of which certified copies [ ] will follow [ ] are enclosed [ X ] have been filed in the International Bureau [ ] were filed in prior application No  Australia Patent Appln. No. PP5586 filed August 31, 1998.		
	This is a [ ] Continuation [ ] Divisional [ ] Continuation-in-Part of prior application Serial No.		
[ ]	Amend the specification by inserting before the first line the sentence: This is a [ ] continuation, [ ] division, [ ] continuation-in-part, of application Serial No. , filed		
	JORDAN AND HAMBURG LLP		
	C. Bruce Hamburg Reg. No. 22,389		

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### IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

**Applicant** 

Julio BRAGAGNOLO et al.

Serial No.

Not yet known (U.S. National Stage of

PCT/AU99/00707 filed August 31, 1999)

Filed

.

Concurrently herewith

For

PANEL MOUNTING FRAME AND METHOD

**Assistant Commissioner for Patents** 

Washington, D.C. 20231

### **PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT**

Sir:

Preliminary to examination, please amend this application as follows:

### **IN THE CLAIMS:**

Add the following claims:

- --26. The panel support element as claimed in claim 12, wherein the transversely oriented elongate members are located midway between the centre and either end of the first elongate member.
- 27. The method as claimed in claim 5, wherein the panels are photovotaic panels.

- 28. The method of claim 27, further including the step of prewiring the framework for interconnection of the photovoltaic panels before the panels are mounted on the framework.
- 29. The method of claim 28, wherein an inverter is provided in association with each photovoltaic panel.
- 30. The method of claim 29, wherein each inverter is provided with an output connection and at least one input connection connected in parallel to facilitate parallel electrical connection of a series of inventors.
- 31. The method as claimed in claim 30, further including the step of preforming cables of predetermined length and routing the cables via the panel supporting elements before the panels are mounted on the framework.—

Amend claims 4-6, 12, 13 and 20, 22 and 23 as follows:

4. (Amended) The method as claimed in claim 3, wherein the framework is applied to a tiled roof, and the method further including the steps of:

removing a tile from the roof;

attaching a depending fastener element to a rafter, or other structural member of the roof;

replacing the tile on the roof such that the upper end of the fastener element is covered but leaving the lower part of the fastener exposed; and attaching the panel support element to the lower part of the fastener element.

5. (Amended) The method as claimed in claim 3, wherein the roof is made of sheet material, and the method includes the step of:

attaching a proximal portion of a fastener element to a structural member of the roof through the sheet material; and

attaching the panel support element to a distal portion of the fastener element.

- 6. (Amended) The method as claimed in claim 4, wherein the panels are photovoltaic panels.
- 12. (Amended) The panel support element as claimed in claim 11, wherein a first elongate member is provided, having a length 2L and two transversely oriented elongate members each having a length L are symmetrically disposed about the centre of the first elongate member.

- 13. (Amended) The panel support element of claim 26, wherein hinge means are provided at each end of the transverse elongate members, each of the hinge means being configured to cooperate with a hinge bracket provided on the reverse side of the respective panel.
- 20. (Amended) The panel support element of claim 12, wherein the engagement means comprises bracket elements of a predetermined length defining mating means for engaging with corresponding mating means provided at a predetermined location at or adjacent each end of the members of the panel support element.
- 22. (Amended) A kit of parts for assembling a supporting frame and fitting a photovoltaic panel to a roof, including:
  - a panel support element;
- a fastener strap and attachment clip for fastening the panel support element to a roof;

three engagement bracket elements for linking the supporting frame to adjacent frames in predetermined juxtaposition;

four hinge brackets and attachment means for attaching the hinge brackets to the back of a photovoltaic panel; and

a connector cable of sufficient length to connect a photovoltaic panel to an adjacent juxtaposed panel or junction box.

23. (Amended) The kit of parts as claimed in claim 22, further including a photovoltaic panel.

### **IN THE ABSTRACT:**

Delete the original Abstract and substitute therefor the herewith submitted Abstract which is appended hereto on a separate sheet.

### ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

A support element (10) for mounting a solar panel has an elongate member (12) and two transverse members (14, 16), and may be fixed to a roof (112) via a fastener strap (80). Adjacent support elements (10) are connected in fixed juxtaposition via engagement means (70), to form a modular framework. Each support element has means (26) to releasably engaging a panel (120). The transverse members (14, 16) are located midway between the centre and either end of the elongate member (12), so that one can optionally form a triangular or diamond shaped framework by connecting support elements (10) in staggered rows of varying lengths.

### **REMARKS**

This places the application in better condition for examination.

Respectfully submitted,

JORDAN AND HAMBURG LLP

C. Bruce Hamburg Reg. No. 22,389

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Enc. Appendix

### APPENDIX I

## AMENDED CLAIMS WITH AMENDMENTS INDICATED THEREIN BY BRACKETS AND UNDERLINING

4. (Amended) The method as claimed in [any one of claims 1 to] <a href="claim">claim</a> 3, wherein the framework is applied to a tiled roof, and the method further including the steps of:

removing a tile from the roof;

attaching a depending fastener element to a rafter, or other structural member of the roof;

replacing the tile on the roof such that the upper end of the fastener element is covered but leaving the lower part of the fastener exposed; and attaching the panel support element to the lower part of the fastener element.

5. (Amended) The method as claimed in [any one of claims 1 to] <a href="claim">claim</a> 3, wherein the roof is made of sheet material, and the method includes the step of:

attaching a proximal portion of a fastener element to a structural member of the roof through the sheet material; and

attaching the panel support element to a distal portion of the fastener element.

- 6. (Amended) The method as claimed in [any one of claims 1 to 5] claim 4, wherein the panels are photovoltaic panels.
- 12. (Amended) The panel support element as claimed in claim 11, wherein a first elongate member is provided, having a length 2L and two transversely oriented elongate members each having a length L are symmetrically disposed [between] about the centre [and either end] of the first elongate member.
- 13. (Amended) The panel support element of claim [12] <u>26</u>, wherein hinge means are provided at each end of the transverse elongate members, each of the hinge means being configured to [co-operate] <u>cooperate</u> with a hinge bracket provided on the reverse side of the respective panel.
- 20. (Amended) The panel support element of claim [19] 12, wherein the engagement means comprises bracket elements of a predetermined length defining mating means for engaging with corresponding mating means provided at a predetermined location at or adjacent each end of the members of the panel support element.
- 22. (Amended) A kit of parts for assembling a supporting frame and fitting a photovoltaic panel to a roof, including:

[a fastener strap and attachment clip]

a panel support element;

a fastener strap and attachment clip for fastening the panel support element to a roof;

three engagement bracket elements <u>for linking the supporting frame to</u>

<u>adjacent frames in predetermined juxtaposition;</u>

four hinge brackets and attachment means for attaching the [hinges to] <u>hinge</u> brackets to the back of a photovoltaic panel; and

a connector cable of sufficient length to [reach] <u>connect a photovoltaic panel</u>
<u>to</u> an adjacent juxtaposed panel or junction box.

23. (Amended) The kit of parts as claimed in claim [23] <u>22</u>, further including a photovoltaic panel.

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Panel mounting frame and method

### Field of the Invention

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This invention relates to a frame for mounting a panel, particularly a solar (photovoltaic) panel or the like, to a roof, and also to a method of fixing such a frame to a roof and mounting a panel thereon.

### **Background of the Invention**

To date, solar panels have been mounted hard against or standing-off from roofs in an array, individually fixed to the roof structure by attachment brackets. It is important that adjacent panels are mounted in a co-planar fashion, in-line and equally spaced apart, since due to the reflective nature of the solar panels, any misalignment is obvious and unacceptable for aesthetic reasons. The tolerances usual in roof structure construction are translated to the solar panels through the brackets, making it difficult to achieve the desired accuracy. Additionally, the labour costs of securing such brackets on roofs is unacceptably high.

The shortcomings associated with the abovementioned bracket mounting method have been overcome by using substantially rigid support

structures onto which an array of solar panels is attached. The structure can provide the necessary alignment tolerances to meet aesthetic requirements.

However, the size of such support structures requires the use of a crane or other heavy lifting machine to elevate them from the ground to above the roof. Each structure must be purpose designed for the particular array of panels. This negates the benefit associated with the modularity of solar panels. It can also lead to difficulties in removing a solar panel for the purpose of repair or replacement.

The present invention seeks to alleviate the disadvantages of the prior art and provide a method and apparatus for accurate releasable mounting of an array of solar panels or the like onto pitched or flat roofs, without compromising the benefits of modularity and at a reasonable cost.

### **Summary of the Invention**

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In a first broad aspect of the present invention, there is provided a method of forming a framework for mounting panels, in particular photovoltaic panels or the like, on a roof, the method comprising the steps of:

fixing a first panel support element to a roof, said first panel support element having engagement means for linking in predetermined juxtaposition

with adjacent like panel support elements, each panel support element including support means for releasably receiving and supporting a respective one of the panels;

locating a second panel support element adjacent the first element and fixing the second element in a predetermined juxtaposition with the first element by the engagement means; and

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attaching one of the panels to each panel support element, the arrangement being such that the attached panels are disposed in predefined juxtaposition.

The method of the present invention allows a substantially co-planar array of photovoltaic panels to be provided on a roof largely independently of the evenness of the roof. The underlying support structure, despite being modular can, when assembled, provide a substantially rigid structure to support the substantially co-planar array of photovoltaic panels.

In one particular embodiment of the method, when a framework is being applied to a tiled roof, the method further includes the steps of:

removing a tile from the roof;

attaching a depending fastener to a rafter, or other structural member of the roof;

replacing the tile on the roof such that the upper end of the fastener is covered but leaving the lower part of the fastener exposed; and

attaching the panel support element to the lower part of the fastener.

In the case of roofs made of sheet material, such as roofs made of corrugated metal, fasteners may also be attached to a structural member of the roof such as a rafter, purlin or the like through the sheet material.

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Each panel in a series may be electrically connected to its adjacent panels by lengths of cable which may be plugged directly into an inverter associated with the photovoltaic panel. The inverters may be mounted on the back of the specific panels or, alternatively, on respective panel support elements.

Preferably, the inverters are provided with an output connection and at least on input connection connected in parallel to facilitate parallel electrical connection of a series of inverters.

The invention also provides a panel support element having engagement means being adapted for linking with an adjacent like panel

support element, each frame element being adapted releasably to support a panel, the engagement means being configured for securing adjacent panel supports such that their respective solar panels are disposed in predefined juxtaposition.

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In a preferred embodiment, the panel support element comprises a first elongate member having a length 2L and two transversely oriented elongate members each having a length L symmetrically disposed midway between the centre and either end of the first elongate member. Preferably hinge means are provided at each end of the transverse elongate members which are configured to co-operate with a hinge bracket provided on the reverse side of the photovoltaic panel.

Typically, the cross-section of the members of the panel support elements is substantially constant along the length of each of the members of the support element and is preferably an inverted top hat shape when the support elements are fabricated from folded sheet metal. When the support element is manufactured from other materials such as moulded plastics materials, different sectional shapes may be employed, such as channel or box sections, or variations of such section shapes including an undercut

portion, horizontal ridge or groove. However, the basic function of the support element is not dictated by the material or the cross-section shape of the members.

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Each fastener for attaching the panel support element to the roof preferably includes an elongate metal strap, optionally provided with preformed holes to facilitate attachment to the roof and the support element. An attachment clip is preferably also provided, which cooperates with the cross-section shape of the members of the panel support element, to clip onto the support element, preferably by engaging under the undercut portion, horizontal ridge or groove. The attachment clip is preferably provided with a plurality of holes to allow adjustable connection of the fastener strap by way of a screw or rivet. Preferably the holes in the attachment clip differ in pitch with respect to the fastener strap to allow a vernier style fine adjustment of the location of the support element. The attachment clip is preferably slidingly attached to the respective member of the support element to provide adjustment of the location of the support element in the direction of the respective member.

Preferably, the engagement means comprise bracket elements of a predetermined length defining mating means adapted to engage with corresponding mating means provided at a predetermined location at or adjacent each end of the members of the panel support element.

The corresponding mating means may include a pair of detents provided adjacent each end of the first elongate member and the two transverse elongate members.

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Both the panel support elements and the photovoltaic panels have a length which is twice their width. This makes the design very flexible in providing an array of panels for roof faces of differing shapes. For example if an array of panels is to be fitted to a (triangular) gable end, the panels can be arranged in a landscape format (ie with the 2L side horizontally oriented) and with one panel disposed above two panels, those two panels above three panels, those three panels above four panels etc. Alternatively, the panels can be assembled to provide a substantially rectangular array with the panels in either a landscape or portrait format.

After the frame work of panel support elements has been placed on a roof, it may be pre-wired leaving connectors located on each frame element for plugging into the photovoltaic panel subsequently placed on that element.

The system can be provided in modular kit form with all the parts necessary for assembling and fitting a photovoltaic panel to a roof, including:

- a fastener strap and attachment clip;
- a panel support element;

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three connector bracket elements;

four hinge brackets arranged to be affixed to the rear side of a photovoltaic panel; and

connector cable of sufficient length to reach an adjacent juxtaposed panel or junction box.

Preferably the kit also includes photovoltaic panel and optionally an invertor arranged to convert a dc power output of the photovoltaic panel to ac power for connection to an ac power grid or a grid connected building distribution system.

The above can be provided in a single box. If the array is to have, say, six panels, six such boxes are required. A single separate box contains all of

the components required to add a single panel to an array the kit component list being independent of the number of panels in the array.

Thus the present invention provides a single system and method which enables a framework of any required shape and size, to be accurately located on a flat or pitched, tiled or non-tiled, roof, which enables accurate and secure location of the photovoltaic panels.

Throughout this specification, unless the context requires otherwise, the word "comprise", or variations such as "comprises" or "comprising", will be understood to imply the inclusion of a stated element, integer or step, or group of elements, integers or steps, but not the exclusion of any other element, integer or step, or group of elements, integers or steps.

### **Brief Description of the Drawings**

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Specific embodiments of the invention will now be described, by way of example only and with reference to the accompanying drawings in which:

Figure 1 is a perspective view of a panel support element;

Figure 2 is a perspective view of a hinge bracket;

Figure 3 is a perspective view of an attachment clip;

Figure 4 is a perspective view of a connector bracket;

Figure 5 is a perspective view of a fastener strap;

Figure 6 shows a typical tiled roof with an array of panel support elements attached to the roof.

Figure 7 is a cross-section on line VII-VII of Figure 6;

Figure 8 shows wiring laid out over the panel support elements and a solar photovoltaic panel being lowered onto a panel support element;

Figure 9 is cross-section through Figure 8; and

Figure 10 illustrates a roof after panels have been positioned on all the panel support elements provided on the roof.

### **Detailed Description of the Preferred Embodiment**

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Referring to the drawings, Figure 1 illustrates a panel support element of the present invention, generally indicated at 10. The panel support element 10 comprises a first elongate frame member 12 and two transverse frame members 14, 16 which are symmetrically disposed about the centre and central longitudinal axis of the elongate member 12. The panel support element has a length (2L) which is approximately twice its width (L). The transverse frame members are spaced a distance L apart.

In cross-section the frame members 12, 14, 16 have an inverted top hat shape defining flanges 20 extending generally parallel to the plane of the panel support element.

Near each end of each elongate frame element a pair of V shaped detents 24 is defined in the flanges 20, as illustrated.

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An upstanding hooked projection or hinge 26 is defined at each end of each transverse frame element.

Figure 2 shows a hinge bracket 40 made from stainless steel. The bracket comprises a generally planar portion 41 along the sides of which extend two triangular wings 42, 44 in a plane generally perpendicular to the planar portion 41. Extending away from the planar portion 41, in a plane perpendicular to both the wings and the planar portion, is a shaped sheet including a first portion 46 which extends perpendicularly away from the planar portion 41, a step portion 48 perpendicular to portion 46 and a further planar portion 50 which extends at an angle of about 30° to the planar portion 46. In use four such brackets are fixed to the reverse side of a photovoltaic panel 120, towards the corners of two opposed edges of the panel (referred to

herein as quarter points), as is best seen in Figure 8, with the portion 41 fixed by adhesive tape or the like to the reverse side of the panel 120.

Figure 3 shows an attachment clip 60 which is generally U-shaped in section and has two pairs of slots 66 defined in its sides 68, which are shaped to snap-fasten over flanges 20 of the panel support element 10. The base 62 defines a series of holes 64, for connection of the support element to a mounting mechanism.

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Figure 4 illustrates a connector bracket 70 which is generally U shaped having a base 72 in which there are two spaced transverse slots 74. At each side of each end of the connector there is a triangular projection 78 which, as is explained in more detail below, slots into detents 24 in flange 20 of the panel support element 10.

Figure 5 illustrates a fastener strap 80 comprising elongate strip of planar metal provided with a series of holes 82 spaced along its central longitudinal axis. The holes 82 are provided, on the one hand, for attachment of the strap to a roof component such as a rafter, and on the other hand, for attachment of the strap to the attachment clip 60. The holes 82 in the strap 80 are spaced at a different pitch to that of the holes 64 in the

attachment clip 60, such that a vernier adjustment is provided between the strap 80 and the clip 60. In the illustrated embodiment the clip 60 has nine equally spaced holes 64 and over the same total length the strap 80 has ten holes. Attachment of the strap 80 to the roof is by way of suitable screws, nails or rivets and attachment of the strap to the clip 60 is by way of nut and bolt, self tapping screw, rivet, or suitable similar fastener.

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Figures 6 onwards illustrate the use of the frame elements and other components of the present invention to install an array of solar panels on a roof. The roof includes a series of rafters supporting tiles 114.

Figure 6 illustrates a method of fixing frame elements to a tiled roof

112. First a number of tiles 114a are removed from the roof to reveal the

supporting rafters of the roof. Next, fastener straps 80 are fixed to the rafters,

using screws, nails or the like, one end being fixed to rafter and the other end

depending down the roof parallel to the rafter. When the tiles 114a are

replaced as shown in Figure 6, the lower ends of the fastener straps 80 are

visible. In Figure 6, two fastener straps are shown bent upwards, this is for

illustrative purposes only, to show attachment brackets 60 more clearly.

A first panel support element 10a is then positioned on the roof with a attachment clip 60 attached as shown in Figure 7 and the attachment clip is fixed to the fastener strap 80, by a pop rivet 126 which passes through one of the holes 82 in the fastener strap 80 and a suitably aligned hole 64 in the attachment clip 60. At this stage the panel support element 10a may move laterally along the roof relative to the strap 80 and attachment clip 60.

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A second panel support element 10b is juxtaposed a set distance from the first panel support element 10a which has already positioned on the roof the distance between the two panel support elements 10a, 10b being set by means of a connector bracket 70 which connects them. The projections 78 at the ends of the connector brackets snap into the detents 24 on the members of the panel support elements and hence hold the elements in a predetermined position relative to each other.

Further panel support elements are then fixed to the roof using further connector brackets, until a row of linked panel support elements is formed.

Fastener straps 80 are used as required to assist in locating and supporting the panel support elements 10 although it is not necessary to have a fastener strap for each panel support element as the panel support elements are

supported by the adjacent juxtaposed panel support elements in the array, particularly when several row of support elements are used. Large assemblies of panel support elements can be supported by as few as three or four fastener straps.

Once a complete row of panel support element is located on a roof, a further row of panel support elements can be added to the roof connected to the first row using the connector brackets 70. The slots 74 in the brackets 70 allow the projections 26 on the panel support elements to pass through the brackets. The number of rows which can be provided is limited only by the size of the roof. In Figure 6 two rows are shown only.

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Figure 7 shows a vertical cross-section through a panel support element 10, an attachment clip 60 and a fastener strap 80, showing the relationship between the panel support element 10, the fastener strap 80 and attachment clip 60, which hold the support element 10 to the roof, and the roof batten 127, to which the fastener strap 80 is fastened by a nail or screw 128, and the roof tiles 114, 114a.

As shown in Figure 8, after the panel support elements 10 are located and fastened to the roof, connector wires 116 are laid out on the array of

panel support elements. The wires 116 pass under the connector brackets 70 as this part of the wire is not located below the photovoltaic panel which is to be supported by the panel support element and thus would otherwise be exposed to ultraviolet radiation. Both ends of the wire are terminated by connector elements 118 for plugging into an inverter 119 on the rear of a photovoltaic panel 120. The wiring extends from panel support element to panel support element and only a single pair of wires extend into the roof space. The panels in the array will generally be connected in parallel, but may also be connected in series, as for example in some dc installations.

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Figure 8 also illustrates a solar panel 120 in the process of being lowered onto it's respective support element 10. As can be seen, the rear side of the panel 120 is fitted with four hinge brackets 40 located at the quarter points of the panel and fixed to the panel by double sided tape (not shown). The hinge brackets 40 engage with the upstanding projections 26 of the panel support element. The upstanding projections 26 of the panel support element 10 and brackets 40, co-operate to act as hinges and allow the panel 120 to be lowered onto the panel support element with the load carried by the uppermost tips of a pair of the projections 26 during the lowering

operation and the tips of all four projections 26 once the panel is in it's final position. An inverter is also located on the underside of the photovoltaic panel. The connector terminations 118 of the wiring 116 are pushed into mating connectors (not shown) in the inverter on the photovoltaic panel and the panel is lowered until the free brackets 40 engage their respective projection 26. Figure 9 shows a vertical cross-section through the panel 120 and support element 10 assembly, and illustrates the panel 120 engaged in place on the panel support element 10. The remaining panels 120 are fixed on the support elements 10 in a similar manner. Figure 10 illustrates a completed roof in which a small assembly of six panels have been installed.

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For corrugated iron roofs or similar roofs, the support frame may be fixed with the fastener straps 80 as described above, or may be screwed directly to the roof.

The top hat section of the members 12, 14, 16 of the panel support elements 10 provides strength to the structure and assists in preventing the panel support elements from flexing.

The panels 120 are raised off the roof to allow free air flow to the back of the panels and avoid the obstruction of rain water flowing down the roof into the gutter.

It will be appreciated by persons skilled in the art that numerous variations and/or modifications may be made to the invention as shown in the specific embodiments without departing from the spirit or scope of the invention as broadly described. The present embodiments are, therefore, to be considered in all respects as illustrative and not restrictive.

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### **CLAIMS:**

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1. A method of forming a framework for mounting panels on a roof, the method comprising the steps of:

fixing a first panel support element to a roof, the first panel support element having engagement means for linking in predetermined juxtaposition with adjacent like panel support elements, each panel support element including support means for releasably receiving and supporting a respective one of the panels;

locating a second panel support element adjacent the first element and fixing the second element in a predetermined juxtaposition with the first element by the engagement means; and

attaching one of the panels to each panel support element, the arrangement being such that the attached panels are disposed in predefined juxtaposition.

15 2. The method of claim 1, wherein the panels form a substantially coplanar array substantially independently of the evenness of the roof.

- 3. The method of claim 2, wherein the framework, when assembled, provides a substantially rigid structure to support the substantially co-planar array of panels.
- 4. The method as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 3, wherein the framework is applied to a tiled roof, and the method further including the steps of:

removing a tile from the roof;

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attaching a depending fastener element to a rafter, or other structural member of the roof;

- replacing the tile on the roof such that the upper end of the fastener element is covered but leaving the lower part of the fastener exposed; and attaching the panel support element to the lower part of the fastener element.
- 5. The method as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 3, wherein the roof is made of sheet material, and the method includes the step of:

attaching a proximal portion of a fastener element to a structural member of the roof through the sheet material; and

attaching the panel support element to a distal portion of the fastener element.

- 6. The method as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 5, wherein the panels are photovoltaic panels.
- 7. The method of claim 6, further including the step of prewiring the framework for interconnection of the photovoltaic panels before the panels are mounted on the framework.
  - 8. The method of claim 7, wherein an inverter is provided in association with each photovoltaic panel.
- 9. The method of claim 8, wherein each inverter is provided with an output connection and at least one input connection connected in parallel to facilitate parallel electrical connection of a series of inverters.
  - 10. The method as claimed in claim 9, further including the step of preforming cables of predetermined length and routing the cables via the panel supporting elements before the panels are mounted on the framework.

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11. A panel support element having engagement means for linking the panel support element with an adjacent like panel support element, each panel support element including support means, to support and releasably

engage a panel, the engagement means being configured for securing adjacent panel support elements such that their respective panels are disposed in predefined juxtaposition.

- 12. The panel support element as claimed in claim 11, wherein a first elongate member is provided, having a length 2L and two transversely oriented elongate members each having a length L are symmetrically disposed between the centre and either end of the first elongate member.
- 13. The panel support element of claim 12, wherein hinge means are provided at each end of the transverse elongate members, each of the hinge means being configured to co-operate with a hinge bracket provided on the reverse side of the respective panel.

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- 14. The panel support element of claim 13, wherein the elongate members have a substantially constant cross section along their length.
- 15. The panel support element as claimed in claim 14, wherein a plurality

  of fastener elements are provided for attaching the panel support element to

  the roof, the fasteners being in the form of an elongate metal strap.

- 16. The panel support element of claim 15, wherein the fastener elements are provided with preformed holes to facilitate attachment to the roof and the support element.
- 17. The panel support element of claim 16, including an attachment clip which cooperates with the cross-section shape of the members of the panel support element, to clip onto the support element, the attachment clip being provided with a plurality of holes to allow adjustable connection of the fastener element by way of a screw or rivet.

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- 18. The panel support element as claimed in claim 17, wherein the holes in the attachment clip differ in pitch when compared with those of the fastener strap to allow a vernier adjustment of the location of the support element.
  - 19. The panel support element as claimed in claim 18, wherein the attachment clip is slidingly engaged with the respective member of the support element to provide adjustment of the location of the support element in the longitudinal direction of the respective member.
  - 20. The panel support element of claim 19, wherein the engagement means comprises bracket elements of a predetermined length defining mating means

for engaging with corresponding mating means provided at a predetermined location at or adjacent each end of the members of the panel support element.

- 21. The panel support element of claim 20, wherein the corresponding mating means includes a pair of detents provided adjacent each end of the first elongate member and the two transverse elongate members.
- 22. A kit of parts for assembling a supporting frame and fitting a photovoltaic panel to a roof, including:
  - a fastener strap and attachment clip
  - a panel support element;

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three engagement bracket elements;

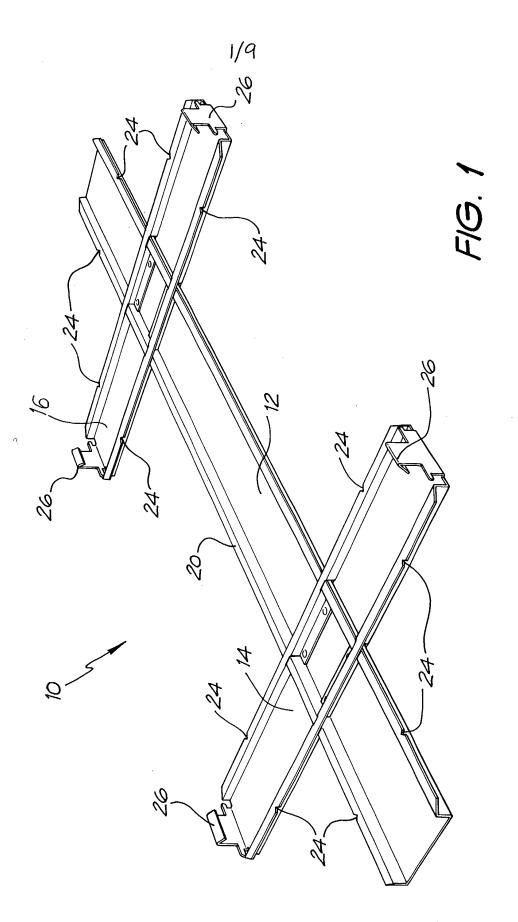
four hinge brackets and attachment means for attaching the hinges to brackets to the back of a photovoltaic panel; and

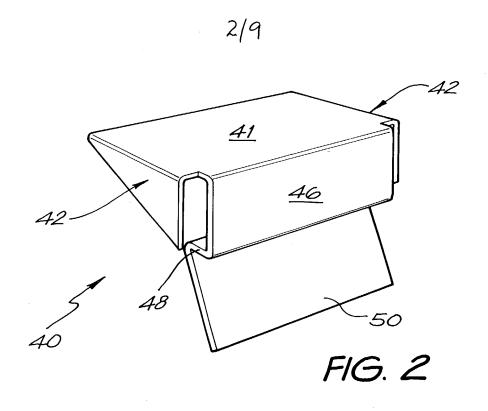
- a connector cable of sufficient length to reach an adjacent juxtaposed panel or junction box.
- 15 23. The kit of parts as claimed in claim 23, further including a photovoltaic panel.

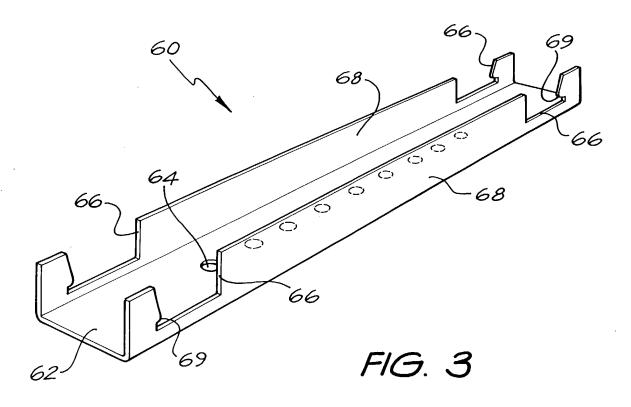
- 24. The kit of parts as claimed in claim 24, wherein an invertor is included for converting a dc power output of the photovoltaic panel to ac power for connection to an ac power grid or a grid connected building distribution system.
- 5 25. The kit of parts as claimed in claim 25, wherein the kit is packed in a single package.

## Abstract

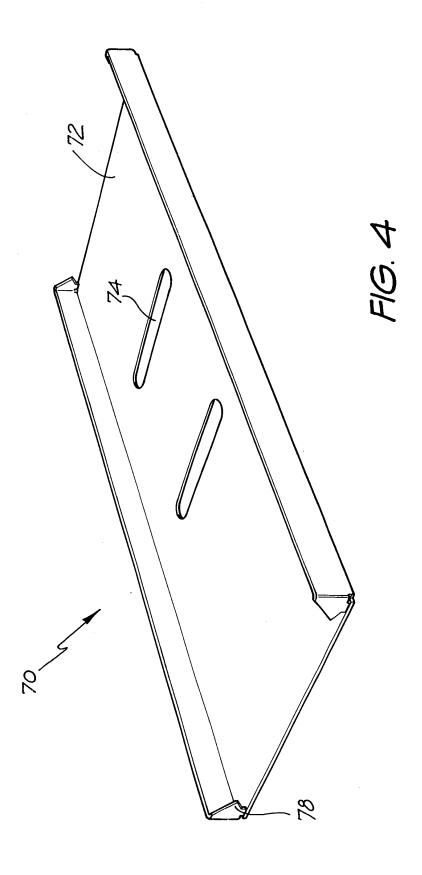
A support element (10) for mounting a solar panel has an elongate member (12) and two transverse members (14, 16), and may be fixed to a roof (112) via a fastener strap (80). Adjacent support elements (10) are connected in fixed juxtaposition via engagement means (70), to form a modular framework. Each support element has means (26) for releasably engaging a panel (120). The transverse members (14, 16) are located midway between the centre and either end of the elongate member (12), so that one can optionally forma triangular or diamond shaped framework by connecting support elements (10) in staggered rows of varying lengths.



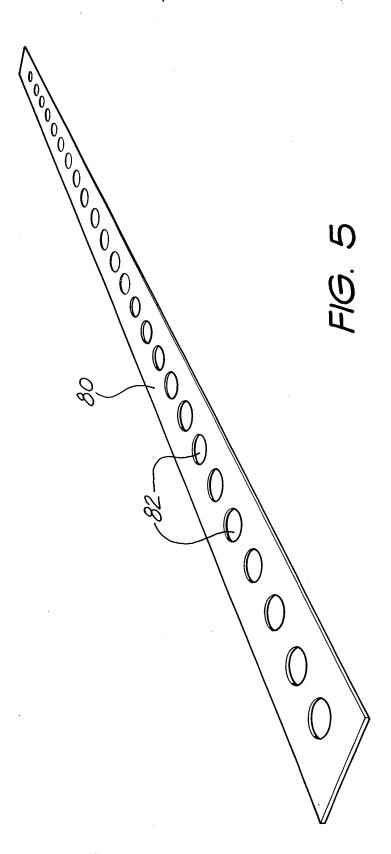


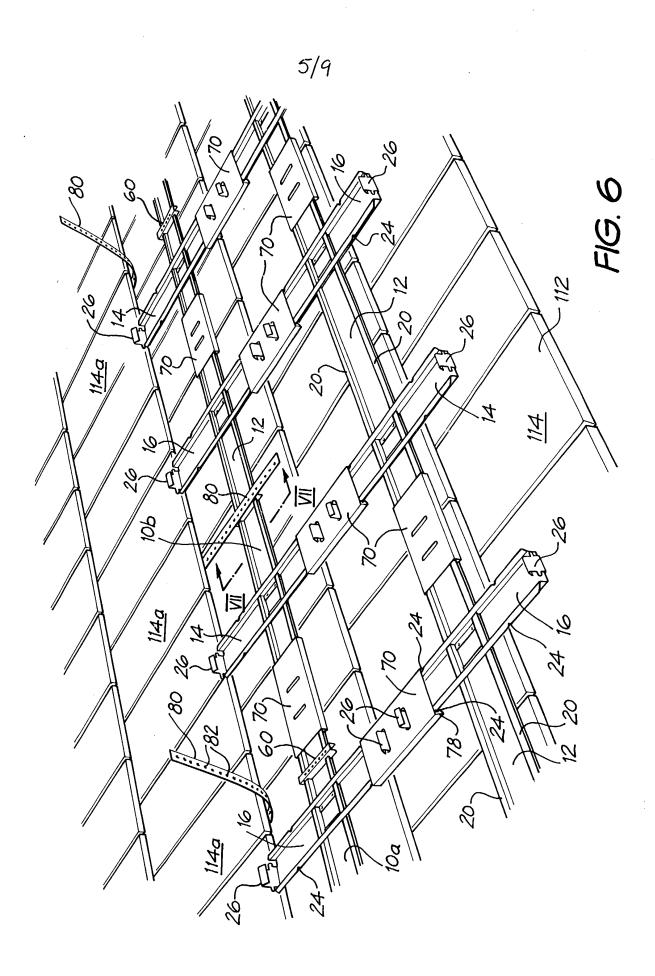


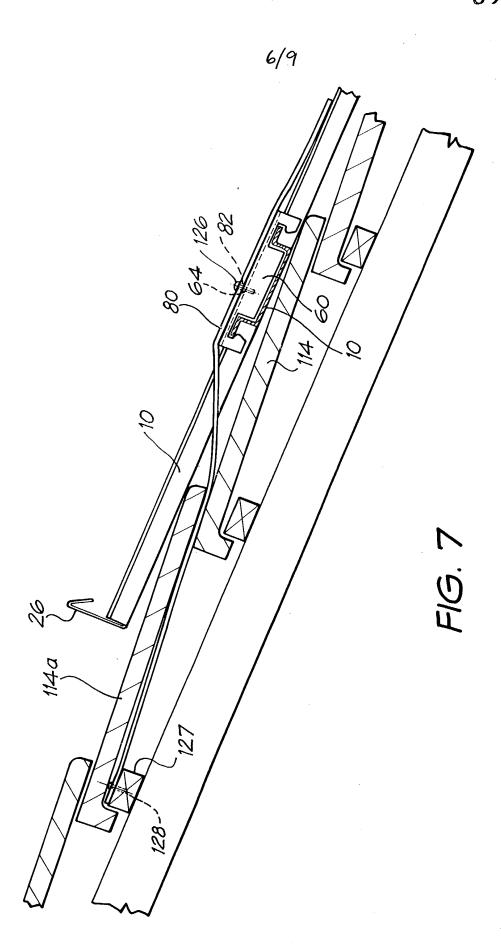


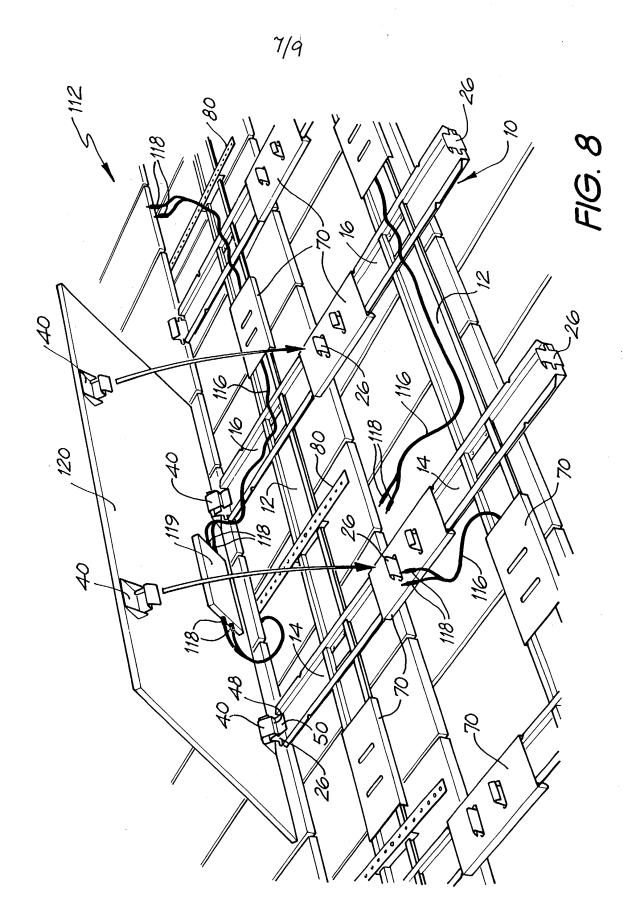


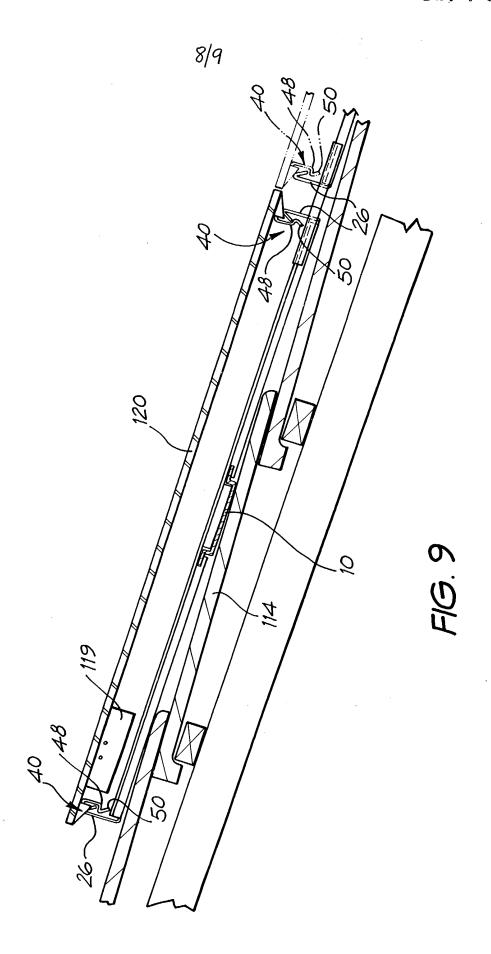


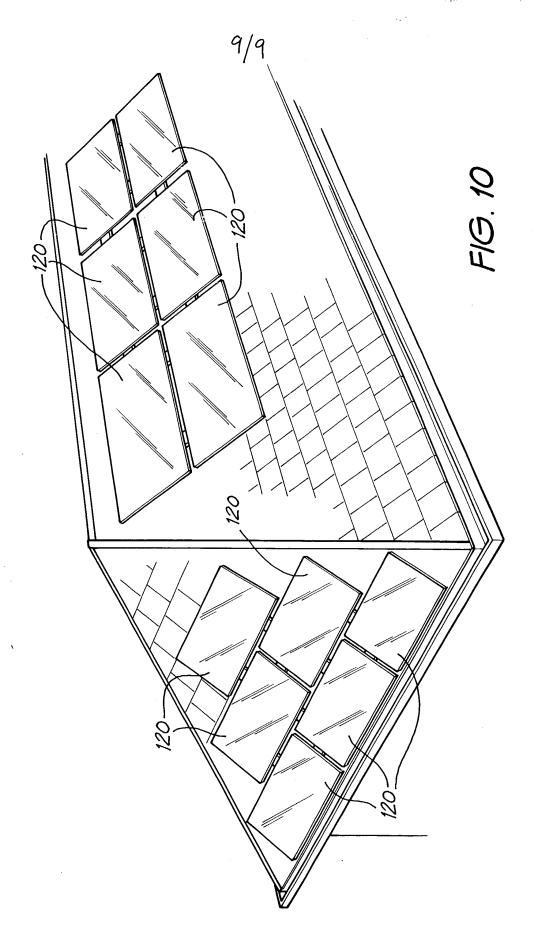
















COMBINED DECLARATION FOR PATENT APPLICATION AND	Attorney's Docket Number
POWER OF ATTORNEY	
(Includes Reference to PCT International Applications)	

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that: My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name,

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled:

"PAN	IEL MOUNTING FRAME AND METHOD"	
. [ ]	ation of which (check only one item below): is attached hereto. was filed as United States application Serlal No.	
	on	
	and was amended on	·. ·
[*]		
	on 31 August 1999	
	and was amended under PCT Article 19	(if applicable).

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to the examination of this application in accordance with Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56(a).

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code §119 of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate or of any PCT international application(s) designating at least one country other than the United States of America listed below and have also identified below any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate or any PCT international application(s) designating at least one country other than the United States of America filed by me on the same subject matter having a filing date before that of the application(s) of which priority is claimed.

Country (if PCT indicate "PCT")	PLICATION(S) AND ANY I Application Number	Date of Filing (day, month, year)	Priority Claimed Under 35 USC 119
AU	PP5586	31 August 1998	[X] Yes [] No
			[]Yes []No
			[]Yes []No
7			Yes   No



	Attorney's Docket Number
COMBINED DECLARATION FOR PATENT APPLICATION AND	,
POWER OF ATTORNEY (continued)	
. (Includes Reference to PCT International Applications)	

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, §120 of any United States application(s) or PCT international application(s) designating the United States of America that is/arc listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in that/those prior application(s) in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States code, §112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose material information as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56(a) which occurred between the filing date of the prior application(s) and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

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PCT Application No.	PCT Filing Date	U.S. Serial Numbers Assigned (if any)			

POWER OF ATTORNEY: As a named inventor, I hereby appoint the following attorney(s) and/or agent(s) to prosecute this application and transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith.

Frank J. Jordan

	Frank J. Jordan C. Bruce Hamburg Lainie E. Parker	Reg. No. 20,456 Reg. No. 22,389 Reg. No. 36,123	Herbert F. Ruschmann Marvin Turken Alfred D'Andrea	Reg. No. <u>35,34</u> 1 Reg. N <u>o. 18,33</u> 0 Reg. No. <u>27,75</u> 2	
į	Send Correspondence To:	Jordan and Hamb 122 East 42nd Stree New York, New Yor	t 1 ,	Direct Telephone Calls to: C. Bruce Hamburg (212) 986-2340	

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issuing thereon.

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	Attorney's Docket Number
COMBINED DECLARATION FOR PATENT APPLICATION AND	
POWER OF ATTORNEY (continued)	1
(Includes Reference to PCT International Applications)	

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, §120 of any United States application(s) or PCT international application(s) designating the United States of America that is/are listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in that/those prior application(s) in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States code, §112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose material information as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56(a) which occurred between the filing date of the prior application(s) and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

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POWER OF ATTORNEY: As a named inventor, I hereby appoint the following attorney(s) and/or agent(s) to prosecute this application and transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith.

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I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issuing thereon.

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